# **Material Safety Data Sheet**

Monoglass<sup>®</sup> Fiber

Page 1 of 2



### Section 1: Material Identification and Use:

MANUFACTURER: MONOGLASS<sup>®</sup> INCORPORATED

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CONTACT:

TRADE NAME: MONOGLASS®

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION: FIBERGLASS BUILDING INSULATION

CHEMICAL NAME: FIBROUS GLASS

CAS NUMBER: N/A

COMMON NAME: FIBERGLASS INSULATION

## **Section 2: Composition**

INGREDIENTS	HAZARD	CAS NO.	PERCENTAGE	OSHA Permissible Exposure Levels
Fibrous Glass	Nuisance Dust	65997-17-3	99-100%	TWA (Total Dust) = 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
				TWA (Respirable Dust) = 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Dedusting Oil	N/A	N/A	<1%	N/A

## Section 3: Physical Data

Boiling Point ( $^{\circ}$ F): N/A Specific Gravity ( $^{\circ}$ H $_{2}$ 0) = 1: 2.6 Vapor Pressure (mm Hg.): N/A Percent Volatile: <1%

Vapor Density (Air = I): N/A By Volume (%)

Solubility in Water: None Evaporation Rate: N/A

#### Section 4: Fire and Explosion Data

Flash Point: N/A
Flammability Limits: N/A
Auto-Ignition Temperature: N/A

Extinguishing Media: Water, foam, dry chemical

Special Fire-Fighting Procedure: None

Unusual Fire Hazards:

Fiberglass insulation is a non-flammable product. The packaging material will burn, and caution should be used when working close to the facing or packaged material with open flame. Chemicals in plastic packaging products that do not present a health hazard under normal conditions may be released during a fire. Toxic fumes and gases that may result from incomplete combustion include carbon monoxide, hydrogen chloride and low-level cyanides. In case of overexposure, remove to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, administer oxygen and consult a physician.

## **Section 5: Reactivity Data**

Stability: Stable Incompatibility: None

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur

(N/A: not applicable) (N/E: not established)

# **Material Safety Data Sheet**

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Page\_2\_of\_2

Section 6: Health Hazards / Personal Protective Equipment

# **Primary Route of Entry:**

Inhalation: Fiberglass wool may cause mechanical irritation of the upper respiratory tract. Use of a 2-

strap NIOSH-Approved N-95 Filtering Face piece (disposable dust mask respirator), such as a 3M model 8210 (or higher) or equivalent is recommended when handling loose fill, when exposure is unknown or when fibers exceed the TLV of 1 f/cc. Operations which generate high airborne fiber concentrations (over 10 times the TLV) require additional respiratory

protection.

Skin Contact: Direct contact with the skin may cause mechanical irritation. If irritation occurs, long

<u>sleeves, loose fitting clothing, gloves, and eye protection</u> are recommended. Wash exposed areas with soap and water after handling. Wash clothes separately and rinse out washer

after use.

• IARC: Group 3 - Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans

• ACGIH: A3 - Animal Carcinogen

• NTP: Suspect Carcinogen (Possible Select Carcinogen)

Following a thorough review of all the medical data available, the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has classified glass wool insulation as Group #3, "not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans". IARC has stated there is "no evidence of increased risks of lung cancer or of mesothelioma from occupational exposures during the manufacture of these materials, and inadequate evidence overall of any cancer risk."

NTP and ACGIH have not yet reviewed the IARC reclassification or the most current fiber glass health research; at this time both agencies continue to classify glass wool based on earlier animal injection studies.

### Section 7: Emergency and First Aid Procedures

Skin Contact: Do not rub. Wash with soap and water. Use skin cream to soothe irritation. Wash clothes

separately. A shower after work is recommended. Irritation typically will not persist if good

personal hygiene habits are followed.

Eye Contact: Flush with running water for at least 15 minutes. Use sterile eyewash to flush foreign

bodies from eyes.

Inhalation: Remove from exposure.

If irritation persists in any of these situations, a physician should be consulted.

### Section 8: Spill, Leak and Disposal Information

Avoid dust-generating means of clean up. Store packaged material away from sources of ignition and have fire-fighting equipment available. Dispose of scrap material according to federal, state and local regulations. This material is not regulated under hazardous waste regulations.

Section 9: Ozone Depletion Potential

Monoglass Fiber is zero ODP in manufacture and composition.

# **Section 10: Other Regulator Information**

SARA Title III, SECTION 313: Our Monoglass<sup>®</sup> insulation product contains no "Toxic Chemicals", as defined by the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA, Title III) of 1986.

#### Section 11: Preparation of M.S.D.S.

Prepared by: Product Safety Dept. Date Prepared: JANUARY 31, 2012.

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