

SECTION 1: PRODUCT AND COMPANY INFORMATION

PRODUCT NAME:	OlyBond 500 [™] Part 1 (Dark Brown)	
TRADE NAME:	N/A	
CHEMICAL NAME / SYNONYM:	Polymeric MDI	
CHEMICAL FAMILY:	Polymethylene Polyphynylisocyanate	
MANUFACTURER:	GAF	
ADDRESS:	1361 Alps Road, Wayne, NJ 07470	
24-HOUR EMERGENCY PHONE (CHEMTREC):	800 - 424 - 9300	
INFORMATION ONLY:	800 - 766 - 3411	
PREPARED BY:	Corporate EHS	
APPROVED BY:	Corporate EHS	

SECTION 2: HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

NFPA and HMIS RATINGS:

	NFPA Hazard Rating		HMIS Hazard Rating
Health	2	Health	2
Flammable	1	Flammable	1
Reactive	1	Reactive	1
Special Hazards	-	Personal Protection	Х

GHS LABEL ELEMENTS:

GHS CLASSIFICATION:	Eye Irritant - Category 2A
	Skin Irritant - Category 2
	Skin Sensitizer - Category 1
	Target Organ (SE) - Category 3
	Target Organ (RE) - Category 2
	Carcinogen - Category 2
	Acute Toxicity - Category 4
	Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment - Category 2

GHS PICTOGRAMS	 Image: Image: Image:
SIGNAL WORD:	Danger
HAZARD STATEMENTS:	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure Causes skin irritation Causes serious eye irritation May cause an allergic reaction May cause respiratory irritation May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled May cause an allergic skin reaction Harmful if inhaled Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

ADDITIONAL HAZARD IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION:

PRIMARY ROUTE OF EXPOSURE:	Inhalation, Ingestion, Skin contact	
SIGNS & SYMPTONS OF EXPOSURE		
EYES:	May cause eye irritation. May result in corneal opacity (clouding of the eye surface).	
SKIN:	Can cause skin burns, irritation, and possible allergic reaction.	
INGESTION:	Harmful if swallowed. Can burn mouth, throat, and stomach. Gastrointestinal symptoms include nausea, vomiting and abdominal pain.	
INHALATION:	Inhalation of MDI vapors may cause irritation of the mucous membranes of the nose, throat and trachea, breathlessness, chest discomfort, difficult breathing and reduced pulmonary function.	
ACUTE HEALTH HAZARDS:	Individuals who have developed skin sensitization, these symptoms can develop as a result of contact with a very small amount of the liquid material.	
CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS:	As a result of previous repeated overexposures or a single large dose, certain individuals will develop isocyanate sensitization (chemical asthma) which will cause them to react to a later exposure to isocyanate at levels well below the PEL/TLV. These symptoms, which include chest tightness, wheezing, cough, shortness of breath, or asthmatic attack, could be immediate or delayed up to several hours after exposure. Chronic overexposure to isocyanates has also been reported to cause lung damage, including a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Sensitization may be either temporary or permanent. Prolonged contact can cause reddening, swelling, rash, scaling, or blistering. In those who have developed skin sensitization, these symptoms can develop as a result of contact with very small amounts of liquid material.	
CARCINOGENICITY:	Lung tumers have been observed in lab animals exposedot repirable aerosol droplets of MDI/polymerix MDI (6 mg/m3) for their	

lifetime. Tumors occurred cocurrently with respiratory irritation and lung injury. Current exposure guidelines are expected to protect against these effects reported for MDI.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

			OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS		
CHEMICAL NAME	CAS #	%	OSHA	ACGIH	OTHER
4, 4'- Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate	101-68-8	38	0.2 mg/m3 ceiling	0.051 mg/m3	0.05 mg/m3
Polymeric MDI	9016-87-9	<55	NE	NE	NE
MDI Mixed Isomers	26447-40-5	10	NE	NE	NE

NE = Not Established

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASRURES

FIRST AID PROCEDURES

EYES:	After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Get immediate medical attention.
SKIN:	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Immediately wash exposed area with soap and water. Get medical attention immediately.
INHALATION:	Move individual away from exposure and into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get immediate medical attention.
INGESTION:	If swallowed, immediately give 2 glasses of water. Do not induce vomiting. Contact a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get immediate medical attention.
NOTES TO PHYSICIANS OR FIRST AID PROVIDERS:	There are no antidotes to counteract the effects of MDI. Care should be supportive and treatment should be based on the judgment of the physician in response to the action of the patient.

SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES	
SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:	Water, Carbon dioxide, foam or Dry chemical
HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION	Carbon dioxide and Carbon Monoxide.

GAF

PRODUCTS:

RECOMMENDED FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:

UNUSUAL FIRE & EXPLOSION HAZARDS:

Wear full firefighting turn-out gear (full Bunker gear), and respiratory protection (SCBA).

Reacts with water to form carbon dioxide gas, which may create excessive pressure in containers. At temperatures greater than 400° F material may polymerize causing pressure build up in closed containers. Explosive rupture is possible. Use cold water to cool containers exposed to fire. Reacts exothermically with polyol and alcohols. Reacts exothermically and possibly violently with acids, amines, and alkaline solutions.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES: Evacuate non-emergency personnel to a safe area. Stop spill at source, dike area of spill to prevent spreading. Absorb spill with inert material such as dry sand or earth and place in a chemical waste container. Neutralize spill with mixture of 90% water, 3-8% ammonia and 2-7% detergent. Add at a 10 to 1 ratio and let stand for 48 hrs allowing CO2 to escape.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE	
HANDLING AND STORAGE:	Avoid extreme temperatures. Keep container closed when not in use. Store in a cool dry place, $(60.1^{\circ} \text{ F} - 80.1^{\circ} \text{ F})$. Shelf life is 18 months at 80.1° F.
OTHER PRECAUTIONS:	None.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS / VENTILATION:	Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash and safety shower. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits.
RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:	If workplace exposure limit(s) of product or any component is exceeded, a NIOSH-approved respirator is advised in absence of proper environmental control. Engineering or administrative controls should be implemented to reduce exposure.
EYE PROTECTION:	Safety glasses should be worn.
SKIN PROTECTION:	Avoid contact with skin. Selection of specific PPE such as boots,

gloves, aprons, and full body suit will depend on operation.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: N/A

WORK HYGIENIC PRACTICES: N/A

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

APPEARANCE & ODOR:	Dark brown liquid with an aromatic odor.		
FLASH POINT:	>428° F	LOWER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT:	No data
METHOD USED:	COC	UPPER EXPLOSIVE LIMIT:	No data
EVAPORATION RATE:	No data	BOILING POINT:	200° C @ 5 mm Hg
pH (undiluted product):	No data	MELTING POINT:	3° C
SOLUBILITY IN WATER:	Reacts with Water	SPECIFIC GRAVITY:	1.22 (Water = 1)
VAPOR DENSITY:	No data	PERCENT VOLATILE:	No data
VAPOR PRESSURE:	.00001 mm Hg @ 20° C	MOLECULAR WEIGHT:	No data
VOC WITH WATER (LBS/GAL):	No data	WITHOUT WATER (LBS/GAL):	No data

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

THERMAL STABILITY:	STABLE X	UNSTABLE
CONDITIONS TO AVOID (STABILITY):	Avoid moisture, acids, alcohols, alka	alies, and amines.
INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIAL TO AVOID):	Reacts with water, with formation of carbon dioxide. Risk of bursting with alcohols, acids, alkalies, amines. Risk of exothermic reaction. Risk of violent reaction. Contact with certain rubbers and plastics can cause brittleness of the substance with subsequent loss in strength.	
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION OR BY- PRODUCTS:	Carbon monoxide, Hydrogen cyanic aromatic isocyanates, gases/vapors	
HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:	May occur.	

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION:

Acute oral toxicity

LD 50/Rat: > 10,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity

LD50/Rat: > 2.240 mg/1/1h

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION: No information available.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD:	nis product, as supplied, is not regulated as a hazardous waste by the			
	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) under Resource			
	Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) regulations. Comply with state			
	and local regulations for disposal.			

RCRA HAZARD CLASS: None.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

U.S. DOT TRANSPORTATION

PROPER SHIPPING NAME:	N/A
HAZARD CLASS:	N/A
ID NUMBER:	N/A
PACKING GROUP:	N/A
LABEL STATEMENT:	N/A
OTHER:	N/A

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. FEDERAL REGULATIONS

TSCA:	This product and its components are listed on the TSCA 8(b) inventory.
CERCLA:	4, 4'-Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate (101-68-8)
SARA	
311 / 312 HAZARD CATEGORIES:	Acute Health Hazard; Chronic Health Hazard
313 REPORTABLE INGREDIENTS:	4, 4'-Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate (101-68-8) RQ 5000 lbs
CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65:	This product contains a chemical known to the state of California to cause cancer and birth defects, or other reproductive harm.

Other state regulations may apply. Check individual state requirements. The following components appear on one or more of the following state hazardous substances lists:

Chemical Name	CAS #	CA	MA	MN	NJ	PA	RI
4, 4'-Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate	101-68-8	Yes	No	No	Yes	No	Yes
Polymeric MDI	9016-87-9	No	No	No	No	No	No
MDI Mixed Isomers	26447-40-5	No	No	No	No	No	No

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION		
ADDITIONAL COMMENTS:	N/A	
DATE OF PREVIOUS SDS:	March 2011	
CHANGES SINCE PREVIOUS SDS:	GHS formatting changes.	

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